



Protecting Children From Injuries in Transit



What parents and caregivers need to know to safely transport their babies and children in Taxis, Buses, Planes & Trains

Taxi

- Car crashes are a leading cause of death and injury to children in Canada. The risk of a child being hurt or killed in a taxi is the same as in any other car, truck, or van.
- Always use the right car seat, booster seat, or seat belt when transporting a child in a taxi.
- In some provinces, taxi drivers may not get a ticket for transporting a child without the proper seat or seat belt, but it is never safe.



Transit Bus

- A transit bus is a safe way to travel. The risk of being injured in a crash on a transit bus is very low.
- Babies can be held in your arms or a baby carrier.
- Children can sit in their own seat or on a caregiver's lap.
- Most buses allow strollers. Check with your bus service to find out whether babies can remain in a stroller with the wheels locked or whether the stroller must be folded and stored in transit.



Airplane

- Although an airplane is a safe way to travel, babies and young children are at risk of being hurt during turbulence or other sudden movements of the plane.
- Airlines allow an infant to fly on a caregiver's lap, however it is safest for a baby to be buckled into their own seat.
- Babies and young children are safest when they are buckled into their own car seat, secured to the plane seat.
- Older children should use the lap belt on the plane. A booster seat cannot be used on an airplane seat; safely stow it away with other carry-on items.



Train

- A train is a safe way to travel. The risk of being injured in a crash on a train is very low.
- There is no way to secure a car seat on a train as they do not have seat belts.
- Children can sit on a caregiver's lap or in their own seat.
- Remember to bring a car seat or booster seat to use when you arrive at your destination.

